## Reading Curriculum Map Progression of Knowledge and skills





"Reading should not be presented to children as a chore or duty. It should be offered to them as a precious gift." Kate DiCamillo

"To learn to read is to light a fire; every syllable that is spelled out is a spark." - Victor Hugo

English has a pre-eminent place in education and in society. A high-quality education in Reading will support pupils to speak and write fluently so that they can communicate their ideas and emotions to others, and through their reading others can communicate with them. Through reading, pupils have a chance to develop culturally, emotionally, intellectually, socially and spiritually. Reading also enables pupils both to acquire knowledge and to build on what they already know. All the skills of language are essential to participating fully as a member of society; pupils who do not learn to read fluently and confidently are effectively disenfranchised.

Aims

Purpose of study

The overarching aim for English in the national curriculum is to promote high standards of language and literacy by equipping pupils with a strong command of the spoken and written language, and to develop their love of literature through widespread reading for enjoyment. The national curriculum for English aims to ensure that all pupils:

- read easily, fluently and with good understanding
- develop the habit of reading widely and often, for both pleasure and information
- acquire a wide vocabulary, an understanding of grammar and knowledge of linguistic conventions for reading, writing and spoken language
- appreciate our rich and varied literary heritage
- write clearly, accurately and coherently, adapting their language and style in and for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences
- use discussion in order to learn; they should be able to elaborate and explain clearly their understanding and ideas
- are competent in the arts of speaking and listening, making formal presentations, demonstrating to others and participating in debate

	Non-fiction and Poetry							
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Perform poems with others.	Listen to and discuss a wide range of poems beyond that at which	To continue to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart,	To listen to and discuss a wide range of poetry	To recognise and discuss some different forms of poetry (e.g. free verse or	To continually show an awareness of audience when reading out loud	To confidently perform texts (including poems learnt by heart) using a		
Offer explanations for why things	they can read independently	appreciating these and reciting some with appropriate intonation	To prepare and perform poems and play scripts that show some	narrative poetry). To prepare and perform	using intonation, tone, volume and action.	wide range of devices to engage the audience and for effect.		
might happen, making use of vocabulary from	Learn to appreciate rhymes and poems	to make the meaning clear.	awareness of the audience when reading aloud.	poems and play scripts with appropriate techniques (intonation,	To use knowledge of texts and organisation devices to retrieve,	To retrieve, record and present information		
rhymes, poetry and non-fiction.	To recite simple poems by heart.	Listen to, discuss and express views about a wide range of	To begin to use appropriate intonation	tone, volume and action) to show awareness of the audience when reading	record and discuss information from fiction and non-fiction texts.	from non-fiction texts. To use non-fiction		
Know some similarities and	To recognise the difference between	contemporary and classic poetry at a level	and volume when reading aloud.	aloud.		materials for purposeful information retrieval		

about rhymes and poems.								
Phonics and Decoding								
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs. Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending. Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge.	To apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words. To blend sounds in unfamiliar words using the GPCs that they have been taught. To respond speedily, giving the correct sound to graphemes for all of the 40+ phonemes. To read words containing taught GPCs, including those of more than one syllable. To read words containing –s, -es, -ing, - ed, and –est endings. To read words with contractions e.g. I'm, I'll and we'll.	To continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent. To read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes. To accurately read most words of two or more syllables. To read most words containing common suffixes	To use their phonic knowledge to decode quickly and accurately (may still need support to read longer, unknown words). To apply their growing knowledge of root words and prefixes, including in-, im-, il-, ir-, dis, mis-, un-, re-, sub-, inter-, super-, anti- and auto- to being to read aloud. To apply their growing knowledge of root words and suffixes/word endings, including – ation, -ily, -ous, -ture, - sure, -sion, -tion, -ssion, - cian, to begin to read aloud.	To read most words fluently and attempt to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill. To apply their knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes/word endings to read aloud fluently	To read most words fluently and attempt to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues. To apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes/word endings. Including –sion, -tion, - cial, -tial, -ant/-ance/- ancy, -ent/-ence/-ency, - able/-ably and –ible/ibly to read aloud fluently.	To read fluently with full knowledge of all Yr5/Yr6 exception words, root words, prefixes, suffixes/word endings and to decode unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues.		
	I	<u> </u>	Common Exception V	Vords	<u> </u>	L		

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Read aloud simple sentences and books that include some common exception words.	To read Y1 common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in words.	To read Y2 common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word.	To begin to read Y3/Y4 exception words.	To read all Y3/Y4 exception words*, discussing the unusual correspondences between spelling and these occur in the word.	To read most Y5/Y6 exception words, discussing the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word.	To read all Y5/Y6 exception words, discussing the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word.
		Fluer	icy (Accuracy, speed ar	nd expression)		
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
To read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge.	To accurately read texts that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge, that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words. To reread texts to build up fluency and confidence in word reading To become very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them Recognise and join in with predictable phrases	To read aloud books (closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge), sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation. To reread these books to build up fluency and confidence in word reading. To read words accurately and fluently without overt sounding and blending Reread these books to build up fluency and	fluency specifically. How Children will continue to p	comprehension skills should be rever poor fluency means that may still need to be practise their skills of understa ognising where they may have	comprehension is likely to b a focus for some. nding a text as they read (as	be more difficult and so it part of their fluency skills)

	To check that a text makes sense to them as they read and to self- correct.	confidence in word reading To show understanding by drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher. To check that the text makes sense to them as they read and to correct inaccurate reading.				
			Vocabulary			
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Participate in small group, class and one- to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary. Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narrative	To discuss word meaning and link new meanings to those already know Recognise and join in with predictable phrases	To discuss and clarify the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary. To discuss their favourite words and phrases.	To check that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context. To discuss authors' choice of words and phrases for effect.	Discuss vocabulary used to capture readers' interest and imagination.	To discuss vocabulary used by the author to create effect including figurative language. To evaluate the use of authors' language and explain how it has created an impact on the reader.	To analyse and evaluate the use of language, including figurative language and how it is used for effect, using technical terminology such as metaphor, simile, analogy, imagery, style and effect.

using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.						
Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.						
Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary.						
			Inference			
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of	To begin to make simple inferences on the basis of what is being said and done	To make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done.	To ask and answer questions appropriately, including some simple inference questions based on characters'	To draw inferences from characters' feelings, thoughts and motives that justifies their actions, supporting their views	To draw inferences from characters' feelings, thoughts and motives.	To consider different accounts of the same event and to discuss viewpoints (both of

recently introduced vocabulary from			feelings, thoughts and motives.	with evidence from the text.		authors and of fictional characters).
stories, non- fiction, rhymes						
and poems when appropriate.						
Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions.						
			Prediction			
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-	To predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	To predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far in a text.	To justify predictions using evidence from the text.	To justify predictions from details stated and implied.	To make predictions based on details stated and implied, justifying them in detail with evidence from the text.	To discuss how characters change and develop through texts by drawing inferences based on indirect clues.

fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.						
Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions						
			Explanation			
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non- fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.	To listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, non-fiction and poetry at a level beyond that at which they can read independently To link what they have read or have read to them to their own experiences	To participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them (at a level beyond at which they can read independently) and those that they can read for themselves, explaining their understanding and expressing their views.	To recognise, listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks. To use appropriate terminology when discussing texts (plot, character, setting).	To discuss and compare texts from a wide variety of genres and writers. To identify themes and conventions in a wide range of books. To refer to authorial style, overall themes (e.g. triumph of good over evil) and features (e.g. greeting in letters, a diary written	To read a wide range of genres, identifying the characteristics of text types (such as the use of the first person in writing diaries and autobiographies) and differences between text types. To participate in discussions about books that are read to them	To read for pleasure, discussing, comparing and evaluating in depth across a wide range of genres, including myths, legends, traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage and books from other cultures and traditions.

Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant	To join in with discussions about a text, taking turns and listening to what others say	To recognise simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry.	in the first person or the use of presentational devices such as numbering and headings).	and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously.	To recognise more complex themes in what they read (such as loss or heroism).
questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions	Explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them To discuss the significance of titles and events.	To make links between the text they are reading and other texts they have read (in texts that they can read independently).	To identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning.	To recommend texts to peers based on personal choice.	To explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes
					where necessary. To listen to guidance and feedback on the quality of their explanations and contributions to discussions and to make improvements when participating in discussions.
					To distinguish independently between statements of fact and opinion, providing reasoned justifications for their views.
					To compare characters, settings and themes

						within a text and across more than one text.			
			Retrieval						
EYFS									
Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non- fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and	To answer questions about stories they can read independently. These stories are usually one sentence to a page. To answer questions about stories they listen to. These may be longer and more complex.	To ask and answer questions about a text that is usually several sentences long.	Retrieve, record and present information through their independent reading of one or two paragraphs.	Retrieve, record and present information through their independent reading of multiple paragraphs, usually on one page.	Retrieve, record and present information through their independent reading of several paragraphs, likely over 2 pages.	Retrieve, record and present information through their independent reading of several pages of text.			
small group interactions									
		L	Sequence and Sumr	narise		1			

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Offer	To retell familiar stories	To become increasingly	To use appropriate	To identify main ideas	To identify main ideas	To draw out key
explanations for	in increasing detail	familiar with and to	terminology when	drawn from more than	drawn from several	information and to
why things	Discuss the significance	retell a wide range of	discussing texts (plot,	one paragraph and	paragraphs and to	summarise the main
might happen,	of the title and events	stories, fairy stories and	character, setting) when	summarise these.	summarise these.	ideas in a text.
making use of		traditional tales	summarising the main			
recently	To discuss the		events in a text			
introduced	significance of titles and	To discuss the sequence				
vocabulary from	events	of events in books and				
stories, non-		how items of				
fiction, rhymes	To become very familiar	information are related				
and poems	with key stories, fairy					
when	stories and traditional	Recognise simple				
appropriate.	tales, considering their	recurring literary				
	particular characteristics	language in poetry				
Listen						
attentively and						
respond to what they hear with						
relevant						
questions,						
comments and						
actions when						
being read to						
and during						
whole class						
discussions and						
small group						
interactions						

		L	ove of reading shared.	class texts		
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
The Gruffalo	Avocado Baby	Jack and the Baked Beanstalk	The Iron Man	Beyond the Deep	The Nowhere Emporium	
Elmer	Peace at Last	The Owl Who Was Afraid	The Iron Woman	How to Train Your Dragon	Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone	
The Lion Inside	Lost and Found	of the Dark	The Sheep Pig	Rumblestar	Secrets of a Sun King	
Handa's Surprise	Cops and Robbers	Amazing Grace	The Abominables			
Whatever Next!	Wolves	Fantastic Mr Fox				
The Lighthouse Keeper's Lunch	The Enchanted Wood	The Giraffe, The Pelly and Me				
		Mr Majeika				
			Non-fiction topic	texts		
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
A Place Called Home						
What Do You Celebrate?						
Mythical Beasts and Magical Creatures						
Sunflower Shoots and						
Muddy Boots						

All About Bears											
Tadpoles											
Guided Reading fiction texts											
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6					
	Sid and the Haircut	Jim and The Beanstalk	Stone Age Boy	Voices in the Park	Tom's Midnight Garden	Rofftoppers					
	There's Something in the Garden	Pumpkin Soup	The Hodgeheg	The Firework-Maker's Daughter	Воу	Skellig					
	Butterfly Pie	The Pirates Next Door	Dixie O'Day: In the Fast Lane	George's Marvellous	Romeo and Juliet	Holes					
	Dave's Big Day	Flat Stanley	The BFG	Medicine	Varjak Paw	The Boy at the Back of the Class					
	The Snow Monster	The Monster Story-Teller A Bear Called	Matilda	Butterfly Lion Who Let the God's Out?	Brightstorm: A Sky-Ship Adventure	Survivors					
	Giant George and the Robin	Paddington	The Lion, The Witch and The Wardrobe	A Midsummer Night	Beowulf	Can You See Me?					
	The Purple Muncher			Dream							
	Guided Reading Non-fiction fiction texts										
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6					
	Be a Cress Barber	Materials	Stone Age, Bronze Age	The Bloody, Rotten Roman Empire	Secrets of World War 1	The Victorians					
	Follow the Clues	The Great Fire of London	Forces	Why Can't I Hear That?	The Solar System	Evolution					
	Dinosaurs	Florence Nightingale	Egyptians	The Stone Age Tablet	The Tudors	Kingdom of Benin					
	Rabbits	Help Hedgehog and Protect Polar Bear	Light	States of Matter	Life Cycle	Electricity					

		Seed to Plant China	Volcanoes and Earthquales The Simple Rocks	The Greeks: Life in Ancient Greece Pop Art	Treasure Hunter Materials Science	Why Do Birds Have Feathers America					
Poetry anthology											
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6					
This Little Puffin	The Puffin Book of Fantastic First Poems	The Works Key Stage 1	Quick, Let's Get Out of Here!	Sensational	The Works 4	The Works Key Stage 2					